



Regents Reform Agenda

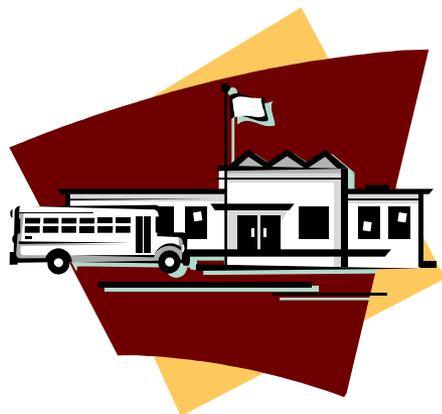
New York State Council of Educational Associations
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NYS Common Core Standards and Assessments



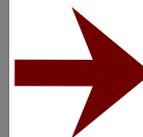
The State University
of New York



Rigorous
Standards
and
Assessments
Pre-K to 12



NY Graduates
are College
and Career
Ready



NY HS Grads
Have Skills to Enroll in and
Pass ^{1st}
Credit-bearing Courses in 1
Semester and/or Embark on
Careers

NYSED Common Core Implementation

Summer 2011–SY
2011-12

ELA & Math Sample Modules
Network Teams Institutes
EngageNY.org - videos, resources, guidance for PD

Summer 2012–SY
2012-13

50% of ELA & Math Exemplary Modules
Additional CCSS training
Training on Assessments Transition
3-8 ELA & Math/Algebra exams CCSS aligned

Summer 2013–SY
2013-14

Full menu of ELA & Math Exemplary Modules
Full CCSS implementation in schools

Summer 2014–SY
2014-15

Ongoing training on CCSS implementation
Training on PARCC assessments (if adopted)
Full implementation of CCSS & PARCC (if adopted)

Common Core Instructional Shifts

6 *Shifts* in ELA/Literacy

Balancing Informational and Literary Text
Building Knowledge in the Disciplines
Staircase of Complexity
Text-based Answers
Writing from Sources
Academic Vocabulary

6 *Shifts* in Mathematics

Focus
Coherence
Fluency
Deep Understanding
Applications
Dual Intensity

ELA/Literacy Shift 1: Balancing Informational and Literary Text

What the Student Does...	What the Teacher Does...	What the Principal Does...
<ul style="list-style-type: none">•Build background knowledge to increase reading skill•Exposure to the world through reading•Apply strategies to reading informational text	<ul style="list-style-type: none">•Provide students equal #s of informational and literary texts•Ensure coherent instruction about content•Teach strategies for informational texts•Teach “through” and “with” informational texts•Scaffold for the difficulties that informational text present to students•Ask students, “What is connected here? How does this fit together? What details tell you that? “	<ul style="list-style-type: none">•Purchase and provide equal amounts of informational and literacy text to students•Hold teachers accountable for building student content knowledge through text•Provide PD and co-planning opportunities for teachers to become more intimate with non fiction texts and the way they spiral together

ELA/Literacy Shift 2: 6-12 Knowledge in the Disciplines

What the Student Does...	What the Teacher Does...	What the Principal Does...
<ul style="list-style-type: none">•Become better readers by building background knowledge•Handle primary source documents with confidence•Infer, like a detective, where the evidence is in a text to support an argument or opinion•See the text itself as a source of evidence (what did it say vs. what did it not say?)	<ul style="list-style-type: none">•Shift identity: “I teach reading.”•Stop referring and summarizing and start reading•Slow down the history and science classroom•Teach different approaches for different types of texts•Treat the text itself as a source of evidence•Teach students to write about evidence from the text•Teach students to support their opinion with evidence•Ask : “How do you know? Why do you think that? Show me in the text where you see evidence for your opinion. “	<ul style="list-style-type: none">•Support and demand the role of all teachers in advancing students’ literacy•Provide guidance and support to ensure the shift to informational texts for 6-12•Give teachers permission to slow down and deeply study texts with students

ELA/Literacy Shift 3: Staircase of Complexity

What the Student Does...	What the Teacher Does...	What the Principal Does...
<ul style="list-style-type: none">•Read to see what more they can find and learn as they re-read texts again and again•Read material at own level to build joy of reading and pleasure in the world•Be persistent despite challenges when reading; good readers tolerate frustration	<ul style="list-style-type: none">•Ensure students are engaged in more complex texts at every grade level•Engage students in rigorous conversation•Provide experience with complex texts•Give students less to read, let them re-read•Use leveled texts carefully to build independence in struggling readers•More time on more complex texts•Provide scaffolding•Engage with texts w/ other adults•Get kids inspired and excited about the beauty of language	<ul style="list-style-type: none">•Ensure that complexity of text builds from grade to grade.•Look at current scope and sequence to determine where/how to incorporate greater text complexity•Allow and encourage teachers to build a unit in a way that has students scaffold to more complex texts over time•Allow and encourage teachers the opportunity to share texts with students that may be at frustration level

ELA/Literacy Shift 4: Text Based Answers

What the Student Does...	What the Teacher Does...	What the Principal Does...
<ul style="list-style-type: none">•Go back to text to find evidence to support their argument in a thoughtful, careful, precise way.•Develop a fascination with reading•Create own judgments and become scholars, rather than witnesses of the text.•Conducting reading as a close reading of the text and engaging with the author and what the author is trying to say.	<ul style="list-style-type: none">•Facilitate evidence based conversations with students, dependent on the text.•Have discipline about asking students where in the text to find evidence, where they saw certain details, where the author communicated something, why the author may believe something; show all this in the words from the text.•Plan and conduct rich conversations about the stuff that the writer is writing about.•Keep students in the text•Identify questions that are text-dependent, worth asking/exploring, deliver richly,•Provide students the opportunity to read the text, encounter references to another text, another event and to dig in more deeply into the text to try and figure out what is going on.•Spend much more time preparing for instruction by reading deeply.	<ul style="list-style-type: none">•Allow teachers the time to spend more time with students writing about the texts they read- and to revisit the texts to find more evidence to write stronger arguments.•Provide planning time for teachers to engage with the text to prepare and identify appropriate text-dependent questions.•Create working groups to establish common understanding for what to expect from student writing at different grade levels for text based answers.•Structure student work protocols for teachers to compare student work products; particularly in the area of providing evidence to support arguments/conclusions.

ELA/Literacy Shift 5: Writing from Sources

What the Student Does...	What the Teacher Does...	What the Principal Does...
<ul style="list-style-type: none">•Begin to generate own informational texts.	<ul style="list-style-type: none">•Expect that students will generate their own informational texts (spending much less time on personal narratives).•Present opportunities to write from multiple sources about a single topic.•Give opportunities to analyze, synthesize ideas across many texts to draw an opinion or conclusion.•Find ways to push towards a style of writing where the voice comes from drawing on powerful, meaningful evidence.•Give permission to students to start to have their own reaction and draw their own connections.	<ul style="list-style-type: none">•Build teacher capacity and hold teachers accountable to move students towards informational writing.

ELA/Literacy Shift 6: Academic Vocabulary

What the Student Does...	What the Teacher Does...	What the Principal Does...
<ul style="list-style-type: none">•Spend more time learning words across “webs” and associating words with others instead of learning individual, isolated vocabulary words.	<ul style="list-style-type: none">•Develop students’ ability to use and access words that show up in everyday text and that may be slightly out of reach.•Be strategic about the kind of vocabulary you’re developing and figure out which words fall into which categories- tier 2 vs. tier 3.•Determine the words that students are going to read most frequently and spend time mostly on those words.•Teach fewer words but teach the webs of words around it.•Shift attention on how to plan vocabulary meaningfully using tiers and transferability strategies.	<ul style="list-style-type: none">•Provide training to teachers on the shift for teaching vocabulary in a more meaningful, effective manner.

Mathematics Shift 1: Focus

What the Student Does...	What the Teacher Does...	What the Principal Does...
<ul style="list-style-type: none">•Spend more time thinking and working on fewer concepts.•Being able to understand concepts as well as processes (algorithms).	<ul style="list-style-type: none">•Make conscious decisions about what to excise from the curriculum and what to focus.•Pay more attention to high leverage content and invest the appropriate time for all students to learn before moving onto the next topic.•Think about how the concepts connects to one another•Build knowledge, fluency and understanding of why and how we do certain math concepts.	<ul style="list-style-type: none">•Work with groups of math teachers to determine what content to prioritize most deeply and what content can be removed (or decrease attention).•Determine the areas of intensive focus (fluency), determine where to re-think and link (apply to core understandings), sampling (expose students, but not at the same depth).•Determine not only the what, but at what intensity.•Give teachers enough time, with a focused body of material, to build their own depth of knowledge.

Priorities in Math

Grade	Priorities in Support of Rich Instruction and Expectations of Fluency and Conceptual Understanding
P–2	Addition and subtraction, measurement using whole number quantities
3–5	Multiplication and division of whole numbers and fractions
6	Ratios and proportional reasoning; early expressions and equations
7	Ratios and proportional reasoning; arithmetic of rational numbers
8	Linear algebra

Mathematics Shift 2: Coherence

What the Student Does...	What the Teacher Does...	What the Principal Does...
<ul style="list-style-type: none">• Build on knowledge from year to year, in a coherent learning progression.	<ul style="list-style-type: none">• Connect the threads of math focus areas across grade levels.• Think deeply about what you're focusing on and the ways in which those focus areas connect to the way it was taught the year before and the years after.	<ul style="list-style-type: none">• Ensure that teachers of the same content across grade levels allow for discussion and planning to ensure for coherence/threads of main ideas.

Mathematics Shift 3: Fluency

What the Student Does...	What the Teacher Does...	What the Principal Does...
<ul style="list-style-type: none">•Spend time practicing, with intensity, skills (in high volume).	<ul style="list-style-type: none">•Push students to know basic skills at a greater level of fluency.•Focus on the listed fluencies by grade level.•Create high quality worksheets, problem sets, in high volume.	<ul style="list-style-type: none">•Take on fluencies as a stand alone CC aligned activity and build school culture around them.

Key Fluencies

Grade	Required Fluency
P-K	Add/subtract within 5
1	Add/subtract within 10
2	Add/subtract within 20 Add/subtract within 100 (pencil and paper)
3	Multiply/divide within 100 Add/subtract within 1000
4	Add/subtract within 1,000,000
5	Multi-digit multiplication
6	Multi-digit division Multi-digit decimal operations
7	Solve $px + q = r$, $p(x + q) = r$
8	Solve simple 2×2 systems by inspection

Mathematics Shift 4: Deep Understanding

What the Student Does...	What the Teacher Does...	What the Principal Does...
<ul style="list-style-type: none">• Show, through numerous ways, mastery of material at a deep level• Use mathematical practices to demonstrate understanding of different material and concepts	<ul style="list-style-type: none">• Ask yourself what mastery/proficiency really looks like and means• Plan for progressions of levels of understanding• Spend the time to gain the depth of the understanding• Become flexible and comfortable in own depth of content knowledge	<ul style="list-style-type: none">• Allow teachers to spend time developing their own content knowledge• Provide meaningful professional development on what student mastery and proficiency really should look like at every grade level by analyzing exemplar student work

Mathematics Shift 5: Application

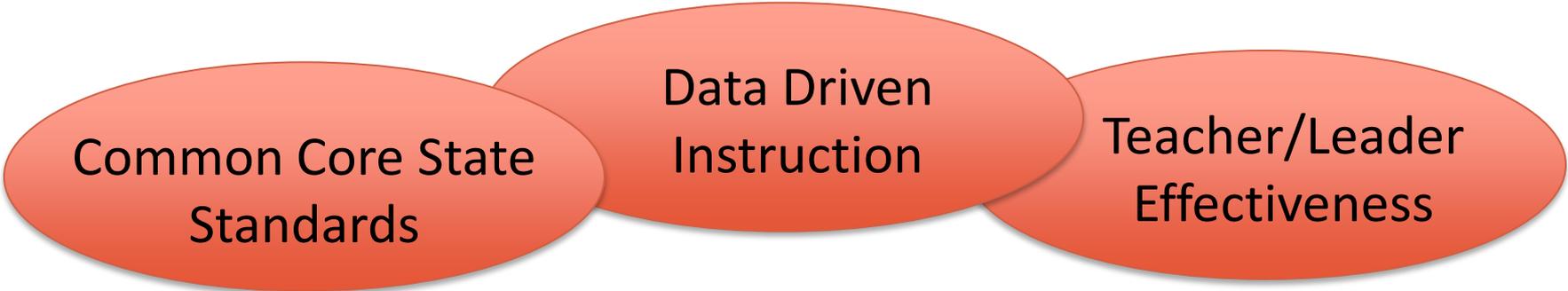
What the Student Does...	What the Teacher Does...	What the Principal Does...
<ul style="list-style-type: none">• Apply math in other content areas and situations, as relevant• Choose the right math concept to solve a problem when not necessarily prompted to do so	<ul style="list-style-type: none">• Apply math including areas where its not directly required (i.e. in science)• Provide students with real world experiences and opportunities to apply what they have learned	<ul style="list-style-type: none">• Support science teachers about their role of math and literacy in the science classroom• Create a culture of math application across the school

Mathematics Shift 6: Dual Intensity

What the Student Does...	What the Teacher Does...	What the Principal Does...
<ul style="list-style-type: none">•Practice math skills with an intensity that results in fluency•Practice math concepts with an intensity that forces application in novel situations	<ul style="list-style-type: none">•Find the dual intensity between understanding and practice within different periods or different units•Be ambitious in demands for fluency and practice, as well as the range of application	<ul style="list-style-type: none">•Provide enough math class time for teachers to focus and spend time on both fluency and application of concepts/ideas

Role of Principals in Regents Reform Agenda

Organize your initiatives into three AREAS this year:



Common Core State
Standards

Data Driven
Instruction

Teacher/Leader
Effectiveness

Common Core State Standards

1. Encourage and protect teachers to spend more time on fewer texts and concepts so that they might go more deeply into the rich and absolute meaning of their content.
2. Ask teams of teachers to select a common text and design evidence based conversations about that text.
3. Experiment with these ideas and implement at least *one unit of instruction per semester* which embeds these shifts in their practice.

Data Driven Instruction

1. Begin to launch and/or improve your school's data driven system.
2. Develop skills to run effective data analysis meetings.
3. Create risk-taking opportunities for teacher reflection on which students are not yet proficient and what they can do differently to ensure achievement.

Teacher/Leader Effectiveness

1. Be in classrooms, as often as possible, collecting valid evidence about teacher practice and student learning.
2. Provide high quality, evidence based feedback.
3. Drive a culture where discourse about classroom practice, among teachers and their supervisors, is happening every day.

CCSS Training Scope and Sequence

1. Watch the PD Video Series with your teachers and complete the post-video activities to internalize the information presented in the videos.
2. Analyze curriculum exemplars with your team to identify the key shifts.
3. Structure planning time for grade level/content areas to use curriculum exemplars as a guide for planning their one CCSS unit this semester.
4. Plan a student work protocol at the end of the CCSS unit for teachers to analyze student work samples and compare how student learning and performance looked different with a CCSS unit.



NEW YORK STATE TESTS WILL BEGIN TO INTEGRATE COMMON CORE IN 2012-13 and 2013-14

- Starting in 2012-13:
 - > test formats will remain similar to 2011-12
 - > but content will begin to align to Common Core
- In ELA/Literacy, assessments will include **more informational text**
- In Math, assessments will **focus on prioritized standards**



ELA/LITERACY SHIFTS IN TEACHING AND ASSESSMENT

Balancing Informational & Literary Texts - Passages will be authentic and balanced across informational and literary.

Knowledge in the Content Areas - Assessment will contain knowledge-based questions about the informational text; students will not need outside knowledge to respond.

Grade-level Text Complexity - Passage selection will be based on text complexity that is appropriate to grade level per Common Core.

Text-based Answers & Writing from Sources - Questions will require students to marshal evidence from the text, including from paired passages.

Academic Vocabulary - Students will be tested directly on the meaning of pivotal, common terms from which the definition can be discerned from the text. Academic vocabulary will also be tested indirectly through general comprehension of the text.



MATH SHIFTS IN TEACHING AND ASSESSMENT

Focus - Priority standards will be the focus of the assessments. Other standards will be deemphasized.

Coherence - Assessments will reflect the progression of content and concepts as depicted in the standards across grade levels.

Fluency - It will be assumed that students possess the required fluencies as articulated through grade 8; as such, there will be no calculators in early grades.

Deep understanding - Each standard will be assessed from multiple perspectives while not veering from the primary target of measurement for the standard.

Application and Dual Intensity - Students will be expected to know grade-level math content with fluency and to know which math concepts to employ to solve real-world math problems.

Thank You!

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